

November 2015

REMSIMA

Ministry of Food and Drug Safety

APPROVED

PART A - ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION				
Entered by:	Biosimilar Product Information			
MAH	Name of the biosimilar medicinal product	Remsima		
МАН	МАН	Celltrion Inc. 13-6 Songdo-dong, Yeonsu-gu, Incheon City, Republic of Korea		
NRA	Authorisation / Licence number	Celltrion / 3		
MAH/ NRA	API manufacturing facilities and batch release site for the finished product (if applicable)			
MAH	Name of the active substance	Infliximab (INN)		
MAH	Pharmaco-therapeutic group	ATC code: L04AB02		
MAH	Substance category	Monoclonal antibody		
МАН	Pharmaceutical form	White lyophilized powder in vial. After reconstitution, clear to yellowish solution		
MAH	Quantitative composition	100 mg/vial		
MAH	Route of administration	IV (Intravenous)		
MAH	Packaging/material	Glass vial		
MAH	Package size(s)	1 vial/pack		
MAH	Local legal basis	Pharmaceutical Affairs Act article 31 and Enforcement for drug safety article 4		
MAH	Local biosimilar guidelines	"Guideline on Evaluation of Biosimilar Product (KFDA 2009)"		
МАН	Date of authorisation/licensing of biosimilar	20 July 2012		



Reference Biotherapeutic Product (RBP) Information

Name of the RBP MAH Remicade MAH Authorised indications for RBP Rheumatoid Arthritis Ankylosing Spondylitis · Psoriasis **Psoriatic Arthritis** · Adult Crohn's disease · Pediatric Crohn's disease Adult Ulcerative Colitis · Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis MAH Pharmaceutical form White lyophilized powder in vial MAH Quantitative composition 100 mg/vial MAH **Route of administration** IV(Intravenous) MAH **Packaging/material** Glass vial MAH Package size(s) 1 vial/pack MAH/ Availability the RBP of Adult Crohn's disease, Ankylosing Spondylitis: http:// assessment report (language)/link NRA www.mfds.go.kr/index.do?x=0&searchkey=product_n m&mid=1176&searchword=레미케이드&cd=191&v =0&pageNo=1&seq=6319&cmd=v Adult Ulcerative Colitis, Rheumatoid Arthritis: http://www.mfds.go.kr/index.do?x=0&searchkey=prod uct nm&mid=1176&searchword=레미케이드&cd=19 1&y=0&pageNo=1&seq=6367&cmd=v Psoriatic Arthritis ; http://www.mfds.go.kr/index.do?x=0&searchkey=prod uct nm&mid=1176&searchword=레미케이드&cd=19 1&y=0&pageNo=1&seq=6435&cmd=v Pediatric Crohn's disease: http://www.mfds.go.kr/inde x.do?x=0&searchkey=product_nm&mid=1176&searc hword=레미케이드&cd=191&y=0&pageNo=1&seq= 9456&cmd=v Summary of outcomes MAH Comparability Physicochemical and biological, in vitro and in vivo exercise to demonstrate similarity to RBP functional study Toxicological study PK/PD study Efficacy study (safety and efficacy) http://www.mfds.go.kr/index.do?x=0&searchkey=prod Availability of full assessment NRA report (language)/link uct_nm&mid=1176&searchword=램시마&cd=191&y



IPRF – PASIB TEMPLATE

Public Assessment Summary Information for Biosimilar IPRF Biosimilars WG

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MAH	Indications applied for different to RBP)	(if The indications applied for were all authorized for RBP (see section Authorised indications for RBP)
NRA	Authorised indications for biosimilar	 Pr Rheumatoid Arthritis(2012.7) Ankylosing Spondylitis(2012.7) Psoriatic Arthritis(2012.7) Psoriasis(2012.7) Adult Crohn's disease(2012.7) Adult Ulcerative Colitis(2012.7) Pediatric Ulcerative Colitis(2015.2) Pediatric Crohn's disease (2015.2)

MAH (Marketing Authorisation Holder) NRA (National Regulatory Authority)



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	PART B - SUBMITTED DATA				
MAH	Quality data. Composition of the bio	Quality data. Composition of the biosimilar product(s)			
	Infliximab 100 mg				
MAH	Quality data. State-of-the-art metho	Quality data. State-of-the-art methods			
	 <u>Physicochemical Test Methods</u> Primary structure : Amino acid Analysis(Whole, C-terminal, N-terminal), Peptide maping (LC-MS, HPLC), High-order structure : Disulfide bonds, Free-thiol residue , FTIR, CD, DSC Micro-heterogeneity and Post-translational Forms : IEF, IEC-HPLC, Monosaccharid Sialic acid content, Oligosaccharide profile (LC-MS, Bio-LC), N-linked glycan ana sis <u>Biological activity</u> TNF alpha binding activities: SPR, ELISA TNF alpha neutralization activity Fcy Binding activities: FcyRI(SPR), FcyRIIa(SPR), FcyRIIIa(SPR), FcRn(SPR), C1q binding activity(ELISA) CDC 				
	6 ADCC				
	 ADCC Apoptosis 				
NRA					
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome	Comparability	Romarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes	Comparability	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure		Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence)	Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence) N/C-terminal sequence	Comparable Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence)	Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence) N/C-terminal sequence Disulfide bond	Comparable Comparable Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence) N/C-terminal sequence Disulfide bond Free thiol residue	Comparable Comparable Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. Apoptosis Quality data assessment outcome Attributes Structure Peptide mapping(amino acid sequence) N/C-terminal sequence Disulfide bond Free thiol residue Physicochemical analyses	Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. ApoptosisQuality data assessment outcomeAttributesStructurePeptide mapping(amino acid sequence)N/C-terminal sequenceDisulfide bondFree thiol residuePhysicochemical analysesHigh-order structure(FTIR, CD, DSC)	Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable	Remarks		
NRA	7. ApoptosisQuality data assessment outcomeAttributesStructurePeptide mapping(amino acid sequence)N/C-terminal sequenceDisulfide bondFree thiol residuePhysicochemical analysesHigh-order structure(FTIR, CD, DSC)Molecular weight(LC-MS)	Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable Comparable	Remarks		



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NOVEIII					
	IEF	Comparable			
	IEC-HPLC	Difference	No effect on biological activity		
	Protein content	Comparable			
	Glycosylation analysis				
	Monosaccharide	Comparable			
	Sialic acid content	Comparable			
	Oligosaccharide profile (LC-MS, Bio-LC)	Difference	No effect on biological activity (ADCC)		
	Biological activity	-			
	CDC	Minor difference	Few outlier batches exist		
	C1q Binding activity(ELISA)	Comparable			
	FcyRI Binding activity (SPR)	Comparable	Few outlier batches exist		
	FcyRIIa Binding activity (SPR)	Comparable			
	FcγRIIIa Binding activity (SPR)	Difference	Lower Binding activity Comparable in ADCC		
	FcRn Binding activity (SPR)	Comparable			
	TNFα Binding activity (SPR)	Comparable			
	TNFα Binding activity (ELISA)	Comparable			
	CELISA	Comparable	Few outlier batches		
	TNFα Neutralization activity	Comparable			
	ADCC	Comparable	Effecter cells: PBMC		
	Apoptosis	Comparable			
MAH	Mechanism of action				
	Infliximab binds highly specifically to both soluble and transmembrane forms of TNF alph				
MAH	Nonclinical data. In vitro studies				
	1. TNF alpha binding activities: SPR, ELISA				
	2. TNF beta binding activity(ELISA)				
	3. TNF alpha neutralization activity				
	4. Fcγ Binding activities: FcγRI(SPR), FcγRIIa(SPR), FcγRIIIa(SPR), FcRn(SPR),				
	5. C1q binding activity(ELISA)				
	6. CDC				
	7. ADCC				
	8. Apoptosis				
	9. Tissue cross-reactivity				



November	[•] 2015 IPRF Biosimilars WG		
MAH	Nonclinical data. In vivo studies		
	One week (2 doses : day1, 8) toxicity studies in rats (IV) with comparative manner		
	Toxicokinetics studies in rat (single and repeat dose) with comparative manner		
NRA	Nonclinical data assessment outcome		
	1. In vitro studies		
	See Quality assessment data outcome		
	In tissue cross reactivity, 40 kinds of human tissues were tested with Remsima and Remicade. Both showed same results.2. In vivo studies		
	In repeat dose toxicity, rat was not a relevant species for infliximab so purpose of comparative toxicity studies was to see off-target activity. In both Remsima and Remicade, all injected doses were tolerable and showed similar responses. In ADME studies, single IV studies in rat showed similar PK profile. Also in TK studies in repeat dose toxicity, showed similar C _{max} and AUC 0-168h.		
	CLINICAL STUDIES		
	- Include relevant study data from the following (not all may be required) which have been included to demonstrate biosimilarity.		
	Pharmacokinetic, PK		
	 Pharmacodynamic, PD 		
	• Efficacy,		
	• Safety,		
	• Immunogenicity.		
МАН	Clinical data. PK studies		
	Study Number: CT-P13 1.1 (PLANET AS)		
	Summary of design : Pharmacokinetics study with randomized, double-blind, parallel group, phase 1 trial		
	Population: Active disease Ankylosing Spondylitis (CT-P13 125, Remicade 125 patients)		
	Objective and primary endpoint: Demonstration of comparable PK at steady state in terms of AUC _t and C_{maxSS} between CT-P13 and Remicade up to weeks 30. Secondary endpoint is to see long term efficacy, PK and safety up to weeks 54.		
	Dose used : 5 mg/kg of CT-P13 or Remicade (Induction: at the weeks of 0,2,6(3 times), Maintenance : at the weeks of 14,22,30,38,46,54 (6 times)		
	Length of the study : 54 weeks		
NRA	Clinical data. PK data assessment outcome		
	The primary PK endpoint, the geometric mean of AUC _{τ} , C _{maxSS} were also comparable in the CT-P13 and Remicade. The 90% CI of geometric mean of AUC _{τ} was 93% ~ 116%, C _{maxSS} was 95%~109%, which are within the limit of the acceptance margin (80%~125%).		
	The 90% CI of geometric mean in antibody-negative subset patient was also within the limit of margin.		
MAH	Clinical data. PD studies		
	No specific PD study was conducted due to no relevant biomarker of therapeutic activity. However, in the efficacy study, several biomarkers were compared between Remsima and Remicade.		



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NRA	Clinical data. PD data assessment outcome		
	There were no significant differences in the level of CRP, ESR, IgA RF, IgM RA between CT-P13 and Remicade although variability exists. Statistically significant differences were observed in anti-CCP level at the weeks of 30, IgG RF level at week 14. However, these biomarkers more represent overall pathological profile rather than detecting anti-TNF alpha effect.		
MAH	Clinical data. Efficacy studies		
	Study Number: CT-P13 3.1 (PLANET RA)		
	Summary of design : Efficacy and safety study with randomized, double-blind, parallel group, phase 3 trial		
	Population: Active disease Rheumatoid Arthritis with methotrexate concomitant treatment (CT-P13 302, Remicade 304 patients)		
	Objective and primary endpoint: Demonstration of equivalence between CT-P13 and Remicade of response rate ACR20 at week 30. Secondary endpoint was other long-term efficacy parameter safety parameters, PK and PD up to week 54.		
	Dose used : 3 mg/kg of CT-P13 or Remicade		
	Length of the study : 54 weeks		
NRA	Clinical data. Efficacy data assessment outcome		
	The results of the primary endpoints met the equivalence margin either in the all randomized and per protocol population.		
	Estimate of Treatment 95% CI of Treatment Difference ¹ Difference ¹ All-Randomized Population (-0.04, 0.10) Remicade 178/304 (58.6) Per-Protocol Population (-0.04, 0.12) Remicade 175/251 (69.7) ACR20, American College of Rheumatology definition of a 20% improvement; CI, confidence interval. Note: N°the number of patients with an assessment, n=the number of patients with the event. (%)=nN*100.		
MAH	Clinical data. Safety/ Immunogenicity studies		
	Safety data were collected from all clinical study; CT-P13 1.1 (AS patients), 1.2 & 3.1 (RA patients). Analysed patients who administered at least one or partial dose of either of the study treatments during any dosing period. Immunogenicity profile was collected from CT-P13 1.1 and 3.1 studies.		
NRA	- · ·		
	Clinical data. Safety/ Immunogenicity data assessment outcome 1. Safety:		
	The overall adverse event profile was similar for both the Remsima and Remicade groups.		



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	CT-P13 (ug/ml)	Remicade(ug/ml)
	181(60.1%)	183(60.8%)
TEAE	Latent Tuberculosis,	Latent Tuberculosis
ILAL	Pharyngitis,	ALT increase
	Hypertension	headache

2. Immunogenicity: Immunogenicity of Remsima and Remicade from CT-P13 3.1 was similar.

표 2.7.2-22: CT-P13 3 상 임상시험(CT-P13 3.1)의 면역원성 검사 요악: 안전성 분석군

Heading	CT-P13 3mg/kg (n=301)	Remicade [®] 3m/kg (n=301)	Total (n=602)
Screening	· ·		
ADA Positive	9 (3.0%)	6 (2.0%)	15 (2.5%)
NAb (as % of ADA positive)	4 (44.4%)	2 (33.3%)	6 (40.0%)
ADA Negative	284 (94.4%)	291 (96.7%)	575 (95.5%)
Week 14			
ADA Positive	68 (22.6%)	70 (23.3%)	138 (22.9%)
NAb (as % of ADA positive)	68 (100.0%)	67 (95.7%)	135 (97.8%)
			e,
ADA Negative	204 (67.8%)	201 (66.8%)	405 (67.3%)
Week 30			
ADA Positive	121 (40.2%)	120 (39.9%)	241 (40.0%)
NAb (as % of ADA positive)	118 (97.5%)	116 (96.7%)	234 (97.1%)
ADA Negative	129 (42.9%)	133 (44.2%)	262 (43.5%)

MAH Interchangeability with the RBP No additional data were provided MAH Additional information about As appropriate, if not previously included. the comparability exercise MAH **Post-authorization measures** Re-examination study in Korea; Observational, prospective cohort study to evaluate safety and efficacy of Remsima - Period: 2012. 7.20~2016. 7.19 Number of subjects (1600): Adult and pediatric crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis (600), Ankylosing spondylitis (600), Rheumatoid arthritis and plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis (400) NRA Post-authorization measures assessment outcome. Number of subjects of Remsima for re-examination study met the MFDS criteria (over 400). MAH **Availability** of additional relevant information in the local As required /appropriate language/ link



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PART C - REVIEWER CONCLUSIONS

Conclusions on biosimilarity, approval, interchangeability

The data provided by the Applicant were in line with the local legislation, guidelines and international guidelines.

Quality

NRA

All major physicochemical characteristics and biological activities of Remsima were comparable to those of the reference biotherapeutic product Remicade .

Nonclinical

Overall, the PK/PD data for Remsima and Remicade are considered similar and no differences between Remsima and the reference biotherapeutic Remicade were apparent in relation to general toxicity.

Clinical Studies

Pharmacology: The pivotal PK trial demonstrated that Remsima and Remicade exhibit a similar PK profile in AS patients, and additional supportive PK data were obtained in RA patients. PD data were supportive.

Efficacy: The pivotal efficacy studies to demonstrate biosimilarity were conducted in rhematoid arthritis patients and provided robust evidence of therapeutic equivalence between Remsima and the reference biotherapeutic Remicade

Safety: The ADRs observed with Remsima were in the same range as the ADRs observed with the reference biotherapeutic Remicade.

Immunogenicity: The proportion of patients who developed anti-drug antibodies (ADA) with Remsima was generally similar for the reference biotherapeutic product Remicade

Risk Management

The risk management plan (or equivalent) was considered to be acceptable.

Overall Conclusion

Based on the robust comparisons of the physicochemical and in vitro and ex vivo biological analyses, Remsima was considered biosimilar to the reference product Remicade. These data, in combination with clinical data demonstrating pharmacokinetic and therapeutic equivalence in rheumatology conditions, allow for extrapolation to all other indications of Remicade.

Satisfactory assurance of biosimilarity was demonstrated using an appropriate comparability exercise The biosimilar product Remsima was considered approvable.